Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

Auditing Procedures Report
Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.

Local	Unit c	f Gov	ernment Type			Local Unit Name			County
□Cc			· .	Village	□Other	Detroit Dow	ntowr Development		Wayne
Fiscal				Opinion Date	0000		Date Audit Report Submit	ted to State	
Jun	e 30), 20	06	August 15,	2006 		October 3, 2007		
We af	firm	that:							
We ar	е се	rtifie	d public accountants li	censed to pra	actice in M	lichigan.			
We fu Mana	rthe gem	r affir ent L	m the following materi etter (report of comme	al, "no" respo ents and reco	nses hav mmendat	e been disclose ions).	ed in the financial state	ments, includi	ng the notes, or in the
	YES	9	Check each applicat						
1.	×		reporting entity notes	to the financi	al statem	ents as necess	агу.		ents and/or disclosed in the
2.	×		There are no accumu (P.A. 275 of 1980) or	lated deficits the local uni	in one or t has not	more of this ur exceeded its b	nit's urreserved fund ba udget for expenditures.	alances/unrest	ricted net assets
3.	X		The local unit is in con	mpliance with	the Unifo	orm Chart of Ad	counts issued by the [Department of	Treasury.
4.	×		The local unit has add	opted a budg	et for all re	equired funds.			
5.	×		A public hearing on th	ne budget wa	s held in a	accordance wit	h State statute.		
6.	X			t violated the	Municipal	l Finance Act, a	an order issued under t	he Emergency	Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	×		-				venues that were colle	cted for anoth	er taxing unit.
8.	×						with statutory requiren		
9.	×		The local unit has no Audits of Local Units	illegal or una	uthorized	l expenditures t nigan, as revise	hat came to our attentied (see Appendix H of I	on as defined Bulletin).	in the <i>Bulletin for</i>
10.	X		There are no indication	ons of defalca	ation, frau municate	d or embezzlered to the Local	ment, which came to ou	ır attention du	ring the course of our audit there is such activity that ha
11.	×		The local unit is free	of repeated o	comments	from previous	years		
12.	X		The audit opinion is t	JNQUALIFIE	D.				
13.	×		The local unit has coaccepted accounting	mplied with G principles (G	SASB 34 (SAAP).	or GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA S	statement #7 a	nd other generally
14.	X		The board or council	approves all	invoices į	prior to paymer	nt as required by charte	er or statute.	
15.	X		To our knowledge, ba	ank reconcilia	ations that	t were reviewed	d were performed timel	у.	
inclu des	udec cript	l in t ion(s	t of government (authorshis or any other audit of the authority and/o igned, certify that this	t report, nor or commissio	do they on.	obtain a stand-	-alone audit, please ei	oundaries of th nclose the na	e audited entity and is not me(s), address(es), and a
			closed the following:		Enclose		d (enter a brief justification	n)	
		_	atements		\boxtimes				
The	elett	er of	Comments and Recor	mmendations	X				
Oth	er (C)escri	be)						
			Accountant (Firm Name)				Telephone Number (313) 965-2655		
		dress					City	State	Zip
12	00	Buhl	Building, 535 Grisw	old			Detroit	MI	48226
Aut	ofizir O	ig CP	Asignature / 6	k /_	'	Printed Name George G. Jo	hnson, C.P.A.	110100	
	/	7-	Je 1 g		-			_	

County

CITY OF DETROIT DOWNTOWN
DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
(A Component Unit of the
City of Detroit, Michigan)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

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George Johnson & Company

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

August 15, 2006

To the Board of Directors City of Detroit Downtown Development Authority Detroit, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Detroit Downtown Development Authority ("DDA"), a component unit of the City of Detroit, Michigan, as of, and for the years ended, June 30, 2006 and 2005, which collectively comprise DDA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of DDA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of DDA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the aforementioned financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of DDA as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis and schedules of revenue and expenditures - budget and actual (general fund) are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

This section of the annual report of the City of Detroit Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") presents management's discussion and analysis of DDA's financial performance during the fiscal years that ended on June 30, 2006 and 2005. Please read it in conjunction with DDA's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

In what was a huge year for the City of Detroit, the work of DDA was on display. With Major League Baseball's All-Star game and the Super Bowl both visiting Detroit in the same fiscal year, a very aggressive timetable for improving the Downtown District was employed. The Lower Woodward Improvement Program, a three-year initiative to build new streetscapes, improve facades on buildings, and provide gap financing, was a resounding success. Woodward Avenue, Washington Boulevard, and Broadway all received a new look. Building owners were able to obtain up to \$150,000 in matching funds to improve the outward appearance of their buildings. The program was such a success that it has been extended to provide new looks to cross-streets, and continued facade improvements.

The Lower Woodward Improvement Program was not alone as a major activity of DDA. The Book Cadillac Project was finally brought to fruition, as a deal with a private developer was achieved. Construction of an office building on top of the Kennedy Garage continued, as did the Campus Martius and the East Riverfront Roads projects. Net assets increased as the program revenue category saw several one-time payments come in.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report contains two types of financial statements. The statements of net assets and statements of activities (which are presented on pages 7 and 8) are considered government-wide financial statements. The balance sheets and statements of revenue, expenditures, and fund balances for governmental funds (which are presented on pages 9, 10, and 12) are considered fund financial statements. A further discussion of each type of statement follows.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about DDA as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies and non-profit organizations. The statements of net assets include all of DDA's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statements of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report DDA's net assets and how they have changed.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

Net assets represent the difference between DDA's assets and liabilities, and they represent one way to measure DDA's financial health, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in DDA's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about DDA's funds, not DDA as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that DDA uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Most of DDA's activities are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash, and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flow in and out, and show the balances left at the end of the year that are available for spending. As such, the fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance DDA's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, additional information is provided on pages 11 and 13 that explains the relationship between the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements, which begin on page 14, explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. A comparison of DDA's general fund revenue and expenditures to its budget is provided on page 40.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ORGANIZATION AS A WHOLE

Table 1 reflects the condensed statements of net assets as of June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004:

Table 1
<u>Statements of Net Assets</u>
June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004
(in millions of dollars)

	 2006	 2005	 2004
Assets: Cash and investments Notes receivable	\$ 82.2 23.6	\$ 84.4 24.1	\$ 118.8 31.9

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ORGANIZATION AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Table 1
<u>Statements of Net Assets (continued)</u>
June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004
(in millions of dollars)

	2006	2005	2004
Assets (continued): Capital assets Other assets	\$ 31.3 62.1	\$ 32.2 62.3	\$ 33.1 46.6
Total Assets	199.2	203.0	230.4
Liabilities: Long-term liabilities: Due or expected to be paid within one year Due or expected to be paid in more than one year Other liabilities	11.8 144.9 15.0	11.1 156.7 16.1	10.5 167.8 16.0
Total Liabilities	171.7	183.9	194.3
Net Assets (Deficit): Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for development Unrestricted	31.3 -0- (3.8)	32.2 -0- (13.1)	33.1 1.6 1.4
Total Net Assets	\$ 27.5	<u>\$ 19.1</u>	\$ 36.1

The net assets of DDA increased 44 percent to \$27.5 million. This increase is attributable to several factors. In 2005, DDA had a one-time adjustment to the property tax line item, resulting in a large refund to the State of Michigan. In 2006, taxes were restored to their normal level, in line with recent historical amounts. Program revenue was up this year as DDA received a couple of one-time payments from the Economic Development Corporation of the City of Detroit and the Michigan Strategic Fund for ongoing projects. Expenses in aggregate were in line with the previous year, though the largest share of expenses during the year ending June 30, 2006 was for the Lower Woodward Improvement Program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ORGANIZATION AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Assets and liabilities balances have remained static between the last two years, with the exception of long-term liabilities, which continue to decrease annually by the debt service payments on the outstanding bonds contract payable.

Table 2 reflects the condensed statements of activities for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004:

Table 2
<u>Statements of Activities</u>
For the Years Ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004
(in millions of dollars)

	2	2006	2	2005	2	2004
Revenue:		•				
Program revenue	\$	19.0	\$	9.4	\$	11.1
General revenue:						
Property taxes		32.3		18.2		29.1
Other revenue		0.1		0.9		0.7
Total Revenue		51.4		28.5		40.9
Expenses:						
Economic development		43.0		45.5		62.5
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		8.4		(17.0)		(21.6)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		19.1		36.1		57.7
Net Assets, End of Year		27.5	<u>\$</u>	19.1		36.1

The principal changes in this table are the increases in revenue due to one-time payments under program revenue, and the return of property taxes to their historical value after a decrease due to a one-year adjustment.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ORGANIZATION AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

The following are highlights of the comparison of DDA's general fund revenue and expenditures to its budget, as shown on page 40:

- DDA holds title to the Kennedy Square Garage. DDA expected to receive lease revenue from the garage once construction was completed; however, delays in the process have resulted in a negative variance in income.
- Administrative and operating expenses did not meet budgeted levels due to tight control over parking and contingency-based expenses in the general fund. Professional fees were slightly higher than budgeted due to increased insurance and other fees.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2006, DDA held capital assets of \$31.3 million. This balance consisted primarily of various parcels of land, as well as over \$25 million invested in the Kennedy Garage.

DDA had \$157 million in bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2006, which is a decrease of seven percent from June 30, 2005. The decrease is due to debt service payments on the bonds, which were made in accordance with the schedule of payments required in the bond issuance. On July 1, 2006, a scheduled debt service payment was made, further decreasing the outstanding balance of the bonds. This activity is summarized in Note H to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

DDA receives a large majority of its revenue through tax receipts. The economic health of the downtown area has a substantial impact on the level of revenue received. The rebirth of downtown Detroit continues and, as long as it does, DDA should continue to be funded adequately. Projects such as the Lower Woodward Improvement Program should aid in improving the future of downtown Detroit.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

This financial report is designed to present its users with a general overview of DDA's finances and to demonstrate DDA's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the office of the chief financial officer of Detroit Economic Growth Corporation, 500 Griswold, Suite 2200, Detroit, Michigan 48226.

STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

	Gov	ernmental	Activ	vities
	2006			2005
Assets:			Ф	1 007 (10
Cash (Note A)		31,319	\$	1,027,619
Escrow deposits (Note A)		5,794		140,251
Investments (Note A)	81,20	08,006		83,233,758
Accounts and contracts receivable (net of allowance	• • •			760.002
of \$36,661 in 2006 and 2005)		22,972		768,803
Property taxes receivable, net (Note C)		7,095		11,626,196
Accrued interest receivable, net (Note B)		70,682		925,810
Notes receivable, net (Notes A and B)	-	79,136		24,120,792
Due from City of Detroit (Note E)	·	00,000		33,600,000
Prepaid expenses		95,564		109,206
Unamortized bond and note issue costs (Note A)	. 3,30	7,981		3,469,960
Land contract receivable (no allowance considered				1 000 000
necessary (Note F)	1,82	20,200		1,820,200
Capital assets (Note D):		=0		5 5 4 4 6 5 0
Nondepreciable capital assets	•	44,670		7,544,670
Depreciable capital assets, net		32,413		24,637,341
Other assets (Note G)	14,0	70,234		10,021,003
Total Assets	199,19	96,066		203,045,609
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		15,560		2,433,457
Accrued interest payable	-	31,374		6,287,196
Due to other governmental agencies		30,313		608,147
Property tax advances (Note C)	•	09,778		6,819,044
Other liabilities (Note I)		17,014		16,929
Long-term liabilities (Note H):				
Due or expected to be paid within one year	-	94,697		11,109,697
Due or expected to be paid in more than one year	144,8	76,073		156,67 <u>0,770</u>
Total Liabilities	171,6	74,809		183,945,240
Net Assets (Deficit):				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	31,2	77,083		32,182,011
Unrestricted	•	55,826)		(13,081,642)
Total Net Assets	\$ 27,5	21,257	\$	19,100,369

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

		Government	al Ac	ctivities
		2006		2005
Expenses:				
Economic development program:	•	22 107 717	ø	26 200 127
Project costs	\$	23,106,717	\$	26,300,137
Administrative and operating expenses (Note A)		4,024,501		3,208,097
Interest expense		11,862,754		12,574,393
Professional fees		381,040		404,434
Provision for uncollectible loans and taxes		0.550.775		1.014.652
(Notes B and C)		2,558,775		1,914,653
Amortization of bond and note issue costs (Note A)		161,979		161,979
Depreciation (Note D)		904,928		904,809
Total Program Expenses		43,000,694		45,468,502
Program Revenue:				
Economic development program		19,018,000		9,311,503
Total Program Revenue		19,018,000		9,311,503
Net Program Expense		23,982,694		36,156,999
General Revenue:				
Property taxes (Note C)		32,299,042		18,238,362
Other revenue		104,540		872,073
Total General Revenue		32,403,582		19,110,435
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		8,420,888		(17,046,564)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		19,100,369		36,146,933
Net Assets, End of Year		27,521,257		19,100,369

BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

				2006	9(2005				
		General Fund	ا مُ	Development Fund	Debt Service Fund	 _ <u>, </u>	F	Total All Funds		General Fuud	Development Fund	e of t	Debt Service Fund		₹	Total All Funds
ASSETS																
Cash (Note A)	∽	15,458	↔	865,861	∽	0	↔	881,319	₩	17,332	\$ 1,010	1,010,287	∽	ģ	₩.	1,027,619
Escrow deposits (Note A) Investments (Note A)		359,019		145,794 67,830,011	13,01	13,018,976		81,208,006		916,290	75,674,142	4,142	6,643,326	,326		83,233,758
Accounts and contracts receivable (net of allowance of \$36,661 in 2006 and 2005 in the general fund)		330,710		2,492,262	7	4 707 004		2,822,972		35,542 872 629	73.	733,261	10,753,567	.567		768,803 11,626,196
Property taxes receivable, net (Note C.) Accured interest receivable, net (Note B.) Notes receivable, net (Notes A and B.)		810,000		870,682 23,579,136 33,600,000	r.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		23,579,136 23,579,136 33,600,000			92. 24,12 33,600	925,810 24,120,792 33,600,000				925,810 24,120,792 33,600,000
Due noin City of Detroit (1906 E.) Prepaid expenditures Other assets (Note G)		95,564		14,070,234				95,564 14,070,234		109,206 35,000	86.6	9,986,003		j		10,021,003
Total Assets	S	\$ 1,610,751 \$ 143,	₩.	143,453,980	\$ 17,726,071	6,071	S	\$ 162,790,802	~	1,985,999	\$ 146,190,546		\$ 17,396,893	.893	~	165,573,438

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CITY OF DETROIT DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

		2006	166			20	2005	
	General	Development Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total All Funds	General Fund	Development Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total All Funds
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 172,582	\$ 1,142,978	-0- \$	\$ 1,315,560	\$ 174,402	\$ 2,259,055	-0- -0- \$ 287 196	\$ 2,433,457 6.287.196
Accrued interest payable Due to other governmental agencies Property lax advances (Note C)		630,313 7,109,778	5,931,374	5,931,374 630,313 7,109,778		608,147 6,819,044	0.1.04.0	6,819,044
Maturing bonds contract payable (Note H)		17,014	11,794,697	11,794,697		16,929	11,109,697	11,109,697
Oinei naomines (robe 1) Total Liabilities	172,582	8,900,083	17,726,071	26,798,736	174,402	9,703,175	17,396,893	27,274,470
Fund Balances: Reserved for development Reserved for prepaid expenditures	95,564	134,553,897		134,553,897 95,564 1,342,605	109,206	136,487,371		136,487,371 109,206 1,702,391
Ontessaveu Total Fund Balances	1,438,169	134,553,897	φ	135,992,066	1,811,597	136,487,371	ф	138,298,968
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,610,751 \$ 143,	\$ 143,453,980	\$ 17,726,071	\$ 162,790,802	\$ 1,985,999	\$ 146,190,546	\$ 17,396,893	\$ 165,573,438

See notes to financial statements.

RECONCILIATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS TO STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

	_			
		2006		2005
Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$	135,992,066	\$	138,298,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net assets differ from amounts reported in the governmental funds balance sheets due to the following:				
Long-term accounts receivable applicable to governmental activities are not due and collectible in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of the following: Land contract receivable		1,820,200		1,820,200
Long-term costs used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of the following: Unamortized bond and note issue costs		3,307,981		3,469,960
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of the following:				
Nondepreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets:		7,544,670		7,544,670
Cost		26,833,841		26,833,841
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(3,101,428)		(2,196,500)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of the following: Contract and bonds contract payable		(144,876,073)		(156,670,770)
Total Net Assets, Governmental Activities	_\$	27,521,257	_\$	19,100,369

STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

				2006	9							2005	89		·	
	ت ت	General Fund	Ď	Development Fund	Debt Service Fund	bt ice nd	~	Total All Funds		General Fuud	٥٠	Development Fund	SO	Debt Service Fund		Total All Funds
Revenue: Property taxes (Note C) Other revenue	₩.	819,592 104,540	٠,	19,684,753 19,018,000	\$ 11,7	11,794,697	۶,	32,299,042 19,122,540	∽	869,778 872,073	∞	6,258,887 9,311,503	≈	11,109,697	٠,	18,238,362 10,183,576
Tofal Revenue		924,132		38,702,753	11,7	11,794,697		51,421,582		1,741,851		15,570,390	-	11,109,697		28,421,938
Expenditures: Current: Project costs				23,106,717				23,106,717				26,300,137				26,300,137
Administrative and operating expenses (Note A) Interest expense Professional fees		1,916,520		2,107,981 11,862,754				4,024,501 11,862,754 381,040		1,963,600		1,244,497				3,208,097 12,574,393 404,434
Provision for uncollectible loans and taxes (Notes B and C) Debt service (Note H) Canital outlay (Note D)				2,558,775	11,7	11,794,697		2,558,775 11,794,697				1,914,653	_	11,109,697		1,914,653 11,109,697 10,000
Total Expenditures		2,297,560		39,636,227	11,7	11,794,697		53,728,484		2,368,034		42,043,680		11,109,697		55,521,411
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures	J	(1,373,428)		(933,474)		0		(2,306,902)		(626,183)		(26,473,290)				(27,099,473)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Interfund transfers		1,000,000		(1,000,000)				0-		990,000		(990,000)				0
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances		(373,428)		(1,933,474)		ф		(2,306,902)		363,817		(27,463,290)		0		(27,099,473)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		1,811,597		136,487,371		ģ		138,298,968		1,447,780		163,950,661		÷		165,398,441
Fund Balances, End of Year	so	1,438,169	 د	134,553,897	s	4	S	135,992,066	S	1,811,597	S	136,487,371	8	÷	∞ ∥	138,298,968

RECONCILIATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

		2006		2005
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$	(2,306,902)	\$	(27,099,473)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities differ from amounts reported in the governmental funds statements of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances due to the following:				
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. During the years presented, these amounts are as follows:			-	
Capital outlay Less: Depreciation expense		-0- (904,928)		10,000 (904,809)
Bond and note issue costs are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statements of activities, bond and note issue costs are allocated over the lives of the related debts as amortization expense. During the years presented, these amounts are as follows: Amortization expense		(161,979)		(161,979)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statements of net assets. During the years presented, these amounts are as follows: Repayment of bonds contract payable		11,794,697		11,109,697
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets, Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	8,420,888		(17,046,564)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities and Purpose

The City of Detroit Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") was created by the Detroit City Council by Ordinance No. 119-H on May 20, 1976, under the provisions of Act 197, Public Acts of Michigan of 1975. DDA was established for the purpose of promoting and developing economic growth in the downtown business district of the City of Detroit, Michigan (the "City"). DDA has been authorized to fund its activities by an ad valorem tax of one mill on real and tangible personal property not exempt by laws in the downtown development district, and the issuance of negotiable revenue and tax increment obligations to finance the development activities of DDA.

DDA may issue tax increment bonds and may not pledge for annual debt service requirements for any one year amounts in excess of 80 percent of the estimated tax increment revenue to be received from the development district for that year, or may pledge solely the tax increments of the project for which the bonds had been issued, and any other revenue for which DDA may specifically pledge.

For financial reporting purposes, DDA is a component unit of the City because the members of DDA's Board of Directors are appointed by the City's mayor and are confirmed by the Detroit City Council, which approves DDA's budget. There are no fiduciary funds or component units included in the accompanying financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of DDA consist of government-wide financial statements, which include the statements of net assets and statements of activities, and fund financial statements, which include the balance sheets and statements of revenue, expenditures, and fund balances for governmental funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about all of DDA's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenue, and expenses, similar to the financial statements of non-governmental enterprises.

Fund Financial Statements

For purposes of the fund financial statements, the accounts of DDA are organized on the basis of governmental funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue, and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The following funds are used by DDA:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of DDA. It is used to account for all financial resources other than those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Development Fund

The development fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital projects. DDA finances its development plan by capturing the tax proceeds on the increase in assessed value within the tax increment district located within the downtown area. Funds raised from this levy are restricted for use within the tax increment district pursuant to the Tax Increment Financing Plan.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund accounts for the servicing of general long-term obligations not being financed by proprietary or similar trust funds.

Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Accordingly, revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Grants and other revenue intended for use within the development fund are classified as program revenue. All other revenue, including all property tax revenue, is classified as general revenue.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the flow of current financial resources as a measurement focus.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recorded when susceptible to accrual, which is when it is both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable. In applying the susceptible-to-accrual concept to intergovernmental revenue, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Monies virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements are reflected as revenue at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met.

Administration

For the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, DDA entered into agreements with Detroit Economic Growth Corporation ("DEGC") for administrative and professional services at an annual cost not to exceed \$1,500,000 and \$1,400,000 for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These expenditures are reflected in administrative expenses for services rendered for each year.

Accounting for Notes Receivable

DDA is in the business of loaning funds to various companies for which, in some cases, the collection process does not begin immediately. In those instances, the collection process may not begin for a number of years. DDA provides a reserve for these loans if and when the loans are deemed to be partially or fully uncollectible. Due to the nature of the collection terms on these loans, recoverability of these loans may be uncertain and, furthermore, may not be evident for a number of years. The ultimate collectibility of these loans is dependent upon the long-term viability of these companies.

Grant Revenue

Grant revenue is recognized when expenses that are reimbursable under an agreement with the funding source are incurred.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash Deposits

State of Michigan statutes require that certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, and depository receipts be made with banks doing business and having a place of business in the State of Michigan that are also members of a federal or national insurance corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, DDA's deposits may not be returned to DDA. DDA does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, DDA's carrying amount of deposits and bank balances, and the bank balances that are not covered by federal depository insurance, are as follows:

	2006			2005		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	881,319	\$	1,027,619		
Total bank balances	\$	1,039,702	\$	2,609,702		
Uninsured and uncollateralized bank balances	\$	829,702	\$	2,399,702		

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value, based on quoted market prices. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, DDA's investments are classified as follows:

	2006	2005
Investments held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in DDA's name:		
Money market funds:		
AAAm rating from Standard & Poor's:		
First American Treasury Obligations Fund,		
Class Y (weighted average maturity of		
three days)	\$ 67,665,688	\$ 64,952,405
Federated Government Obligations Fund:		
Maturity date June 30, 2006	3,152,631	-0-
Maturity date June 30, 2005	-0-	2,573,910
J.P. Morgan U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market		
Fund (weighted average maturity of 17 days)	34,362	101,180

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

	2006		2006 2005	
Investments held by the counterparty's trust				
department or agent in DDA's name (continued):				
Money market funds (continued):				
P-1 rating from Standard & Poor's: Comerica Governmental Cash Investment Fund				
(weighted average maturity of 21 days)	\$	3,277,625	\$	3,556,411
(Weighted average maturity of 21 days)		3,211,023	<u> </u>	3,330,411
Total Money Market Funds		74,130,306		71,183,906
U.S. Treasury bills:				
Maturity date August 15, 2006		1,025,050		-0-
Maturity date October 31, 2005				6,028,127
Total II S. Transpure Bills		1,025,050		6,028,127
Total U.S. Treasury Bills		1,023,030		0,028,127
Repurchase agreements:				
First Independence National Bank		6,052,650		6,021,725
Total Investments	<u>\$</u>	81,208,006	<u></u>	83,233,758

State of Michigan statutes authorize DDA to invest in obligations and certain repurchase agreements of the U.S. Treasury and related governmental agencies, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days from the date of purchase, bankers acceptances and certificates of deposit issued or created by any state or national bank insured with the applicable federal agency, investment pools authorized by the Surplus Funds Investment Act, and mutual funds composed entirely of the above investments. DDA has no investment policy that would further limit its investment options.

DDA does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, DDA will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. DDA places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. Investments that represent five percent or more of DDA's total investments are identified in the preceding schedule.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Escrow Deposits

Escrow deposits are monies which are held in an escrow account administered by a financial institution designated by DDA and are used specifically for a development project. Interest earnings are either capitalized for future development use or are remitted to DDA upon notice. In both cases, interest earnings are recognized as interest income by DDA. Escrow deposits as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 are for the Monroe Garage project.

Unamortized Bond and Note Issue Costs

The costs of issuing the outstanding 1996 and 1998 DDA Tax Incremental bonds (see Note H for details), other than the bond discount, are capitalized on the statements of net assets and are classified as unamortized bond and note issue costs by DDA. They are amortized to financing costs on a ratable basis over the lives of the related debts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. DDA capitalizes all expenditures for land, buildings, equipment, fixtures, and improvements in excess of \$1,000. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment and fixtures	7-25 years
Leasehold improvements	9-40 years

Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense. Renewals or betterments which extend the life or increase the value of the properties are capitalized.

Interfund Transactions and Eliminations

Interfund transactions are recorded as a payable by the receiving fund and as a receivable by the advancing fund in the fund financial statements. All interfund transactions and balances have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements.

Allowance for Doubtful Notes Receivable

DDA charges notes receivable to the allowance for doubtful notes receivable when it is probable that a note receivable is impaired (that is, when DDA will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the agreement).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Doubtful Notes Receivable (continued)

Changes in the present value of an obligation's expected future cash flows from one reporting period to the next are recorded as additions or reductions to the allowance for doubtful notes receivable. DDA also includes in the allowance for doubtful notes receivable a general provision based on DDA's historical recovery of these receivables.

Development Fund Projects

DDA is currently involved in several major projects, which primarily include the following:

- Riverfront Residential Project
- Trappers Alley
- Madison Center
- Congress/First Street Hotel Development Cobo Hall Expansion
- Theater District
- Annis Fur Building Development
- International Hotel
- Ramada/Leland Downtown Hotel
- Harmonie Park Project
- Merchants Row
- Michigan Opera Theatre
- Hilton Garden Inn
- Music Hall Center for the Performing Arts
- Stadia Complex
- Lower Woodward Initiative
- Campus Martius
- East Riverfront District
- Riverfront Promenade
- Kales Building
- Kennedy Square Office Building
- 1001 Woodward Parking Garage
- Au Bon Pain
- Sportsland, Inc.
- Michigan Opera Garage
- Book Cadillac Project
- Broadway Property and Partners
- Lafer Building

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Development Fund Projects (continued)

- Vinton Building
- Mobius Microsystems
- Development Financing Small Business Loan Transactions Program:
 - On Wheels, Inc.
 - Rootlevel
 - SVM Development Corporation
 - Cloud Nine Entertainment
 - Fieldstone Properties
 - Opus to Go, L.L.C.
 - Seldom Blues
 - Brush Street, L.L.C.
 - Marmalade Enterprises
 - Diversified Restaurant Group
 - Vincente III, L.L.C.
 - Dunwright, L.L.C.
 - Detroit Breakfast House

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE

DDA's portfolio of notes receivable as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

Madison Center Limited Partnership

This is a UDAG promissory note dated September 1, 1984, which is secured by a mortgage. Interest only is payable (at 11 percent) through October 1, 1990; the note is payable with interest and principal four times annually in the amount of \$122,335 through February 1, 2011, at which time the entire balance and accrued interest is due. The first payment was due January 1, 1988.

Trappers Alley Limited Partnership

Two notes receivable have been issued to Trappers Alley Limited Partnership:

• DDA issued a mortgage note over 40 years, dated December 27, 1983, which is secured by property, with interest at 12 percent. Interest only is payable, to the extent there is sufficient cash flow, for the first 20 years, beginning January 2, 1987; the note is fully amortized over the remaining 20 years.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Trappers Alley Limited Partnership (continued)

• DEGC issued a promissory note, dated December 27, 1983; DDA purchased the note from DEGC on June 25, 1987. This note bears annual interest of 11.25 percent and is secured by the borrower's property. DDA has strong concerns regarding the recovery of this loan, as this project has had continuous operating losses. The current underutilization of the space (only two floors of the five-story structure are being used) adds to these concerns. Unpaid interest has been accrued on this loan.

Randolph Center Limited Partnership

This is a UDAG promissory note dated July 6, 1992, secured by a mortgage. There is no fixed interest rate, but annual payments equal to 15 percent of net annual cash flow are to be made as contingent interest. The entire amount is due 15 years from the completion date of the loan, or no later than August 30, 2008.

Little Caesar Enterprises, Inc.

This is a promissory note dated October 16, 1987, secured by property. The note is payable in annual installments, based on principal only, commencing on December 31, 1992, with the entire remaining principal balance due on December 31, 2007. Interest shall accrue at two percent above Bank One's prime rate only upon an event of default, as defined by the loan agreement.

Annis Historic Properties

This is a promissory note dated August 28, 1988, secured by property, amended on December 9, 1998 and on November 19, 2003. Under the amended terms, interest accrues at a rate of six percent per annum. Principal and interest payments are due monthly. Payments are based upon a 30-year amortization schedule, with a balloon payment due on December 15, 2008 of all outstanding principal and interest.

Tobin-Harmonie Park Limited Partnership

This is a UDAG promissory note dated July 6, 1992, secured by a mortgage. There is no fixed interest rate, but annual payments equal to 15 percent of net annual cash flow are to be made as contingent interest. The entire amount is due 15 years from the completion date of the loan, or no later than August 30, 2008.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Charles A. Forbes

This is a promissory revolving loan note dated February 13, 1990, as amended on May 29, 1997 and again amended on March 1, 1999, secured by a mortgage on various properties. The note does not bear interest. The loan is to be repaid in 19 equal annual installments of \$177,500, commencing on December 31, 1999 and continuing through December 31, 2017, with one final installment of \$27,500 due on December 31, 2018.

SVM Development Corporation

Four notes receivable have been issued to SVM Development Corporation:

- DDA issued a promissory note dated January 29, 1992, secured by a mortgage. No fixed interest shall be charged on the loan. Contingent interest shall be due and payable annually based on the net annual cash flow percentage and the net proceeds percentage. There is no requirement to make principal payments during the loan term. By August 16, 2007, the note shall be payable in one balloon payment sufficient to pay off the entire principal balance and any interest due.
- DDA issued another promissory note dated March 29, 1995, secured by a mortgage. No fixed interest shall be charged on the loan. Contingent interest shall be due and payable annually based on the net annual cash flow percentage and the net proceeds percentage. There is no requirement to make principal payments during the loan term. By December 31, 2011, the note shall be payable in one balloon payment.
- DDA issued a UDAG promissory note dated November 9, 1995, secured by a second position mortgage. The term of the loan is for 15 years with no interest. No principal payments are required until the loan matures. Contingent interest due annually on the loan equals 15 percent of net annual cash flow and 15 percent of net proceeds from refinancing or sale.
- DDA issued a Small Business Loan Transactions Program promissory note dated January 29, 1992, secured by a mortgage and a personal guaranty agreement. No fixed interest shall be charged on the loan. Contingent interest shall be due and payable annually based on the net annual cash flow percentage and the net proceeds percentage. There is no requirement to make principal payments during the loan term. By August 16, 2007, the note shall be payable in one balloon payment sufficient to pay off the entire principal balance and any interest due.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

400 Monroe Associates

This is a UDAG promissory note dated February 25, 1988, secured by a mortgage and payable over 15 years. Interest payments are deferred and shall not accrue for years one and two. Interest only is payable in years three through five, and the repayment of principal and interest thereafter shall be payable in monthly installments, based on a 25-year amortization schedule, with a balloon payment in year 15 sufficient to pay off the remaining principal balance plus accrued interest thereon. Interest is payable at three percent per annum. The project was completed July 31, 1992.

Leland House Limited Partnership Company

This is a final promissory note dated July 9, 1991, secured by a mortgage and security agreement. The bankruptcy confirmation order, dated September 27, 1993, restricted the payment on debts so that DDA and the City shall share the payments (no payments in years one through five, \$30,000 per year in years six and seven, \$60,000 per year in years eight through 28, and \$90,000 per year in years 29 and 30) on a prorata basis.

KWA I, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note dated May 30, 2003 for residential loft and ground floor retail development. A payment of \$3,750,000 is due seven years from the project closing, with the balance to be repaid via single business tax credits or sale proceeds.

Music Hall Center for the Performing Arts

This is a promissory note dated October 11, 1995, secured by a second position assignment of fee income and a third mortgage on the related real property. Payments of interest only are due for the first two years of this loan; thereafter, fully amortizing principal and interest payments are due for the next 13 years. The note bears an interest rate of 6.5 percent per annum.

Opus to Go, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note dated August 6, 1999, secured by a second lien on receivables, a second position on all asset filings, a second assignment of a lease, and the personal guarantees of the principals of the business. This is a fully amortizing 10-year loan. Interest is payable monthly in arrears and accrues from the date of closing at a rate of five percent per annum.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

1529 Broadway, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note dated April 17, 2003, secured by a third mortgage and a corporate guaranty. Payments of interest only are due through May 1, 2005. Payments of principal and interest are due monthly beginning June 1, 2005 and continuing through April 1, 2018. The loan bears an interest rate of five percent per annum, with a balloon payment of the remaining principal balance plus interest due on May 1, 2018.

DHG Associates Limited Partnership

This is a term note dated April 1, 2003, secured by a second mortgage and personal and corporate guarantees. Interest accrues at various rates. At the close of the permanent loan, the borrower shall make a payment of accrued interest. Payments of interest only will be made quarterly until June 30, 2007. Quarterly payments of principal and interest will follow until June 30, 2010, when a balloon payment of the outstanding principal and interest balance will be due.

Brush Street, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note dated October 27, 2000, secured by real property and the personal guarantees of the owners. Payments of principal and interest are due monthly on the loan. The loan bears an interest rate of five percent per annum, with a balloon payment of the remaining principal balance plus interest due on November 1, 2005.

Fieldstone Properties

This is a promissory note dated April 5, 2002, secured by real property and the personal guarantees of the owners. Payments of interest only are due for the first six months, followed by monthly payments of principal and interest. The loan bears an interest rate of five percent per annum, with a balloon payment of the remaining principal balance plus interest due on April 1, 2012.

1521 Broadway, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note for construction purposes, dated June 26, 2002, secured by real property. No fixed interest is charged on the loan. Repayment is due seven years from the issuance of a final certificate of occupancy for the project, or seven years from the date the borrower converts the construction portion of the bank debt into a permanent loan.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Rootlevel

This is a promissory note dated March 20, 2002, secured by the borrower's accounts receivable, other assets, and the personal guarantees of the owners. Payments of principal and interest are due monthly on the loan. The loan bears an interest rate of four percent per annum, with a final payment date of April 1, 2007.

Cloud Nine Entertainment

This is a promissory note dated May 23, 2002, secured by corporate guarantees and the personal guarantees of the owners. No interest accrues, and no payments are due for the first 12 months of the note. Commencing June 1, 2003, payments of principal and interest are due monthly on the loan. The loan bears an interest rate of four percent per annum, with a final payment date of May 1, 2009.

On Wheels, Inc.

This is a promissory note dated August 30, 2001, secured by real property and the personal guarantee of the owner. Payments of principal and interest are due monthly on the loan. The loan bears an interest rate of five percent per annum, with a balloon payment of the remaining principal balance plus interest due on September 1, 2006.

Kales Building, L.L.C.

This is a construction loan disbursed over the course of the year ended June 30, 2004. The loan will be converted to a permanent loan on the earlier of September 2, 2006 or a conversion date whereby all permanent loan conditions have been met. Repayment of principal will be due on the earlier of September 2, 2013 or seven years from the conversion date.

Seldom Blues, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note, dated May 5, 2004, secured by equipment and the personal guarantee of the owner. Payments of interest only are due for the first 12 months of the loan. After that, payments of principal and interest will be made monthly through and including May 1, 2011. Interest accrues at the rate of four percent per annum.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Redico

This is a promissory note, dated May 6, 2005, for construction of a building on top of a garage owned by DDA. The repayment schedule is contingent upon the cash flow of the developer. Interest accrues at the rate of five percent per annum.

1001 Woodward Parking Garage

This is a promissory note, dated July 26, 2004, secured by a parking garage. The loan is interest-free for the first two years, then bears interest at a rate of one percent per annum, amortized over 13 years, with a balloon payment for the remaining unpaid balance due in 2014.

Sportsland, Inc.

This is a promissory note to a retailer, dated December 23, 2004, secured by equipment and an assignment of a lease. The repayment schedule is contingent upon the retailer's gross sales.

Michigan Opera Garage

This is a promissory note, dated December 8, 2004, secured by a second mortgage. Repayment is due under two separate schedules. \$226,000 of the loan is interest-free for 36 months, then accrues interest at five percent per annum, amortized over 15 years, with a balloon payment for the unpaid balance due in 10 years. The remaining \$800,000 of the loan is interest-free during the term of the first position debt, then accrues interest at four percent per annum with fully amortizing payments thereafter.

Au Bon Pain

This is a promissory note, dated December 13, 2004, secured by equipment and personal guarantees. The note has a 10-year term, with payments of interest only due during the first year, followed by payments of principal and interest over a nine-year amortization period. No interest is charged for the first three months, and then accrues at four percent per annum thereafter.

Marmalade Enterprises

This is a promissory note, dated June 30, 2005, secured by a parking garage and personal guarantees. The loan has a 10-year term and is fully amortizing. Interest accrues at four percent per annum.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Diversified Restaurant Group

This is a promissory note, dated May 12, 2005, secured by equipment and personal guarantees. The loan has a term of five years, with payments of interest only due during the first year, followed by payments of principal and interest over a nine-year amortization period. A balloon payment is due at the end of the fifth year. No interest is charged for the first three months, and then accrues at four percent per annum thereafter.

Vincente III, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note, dated October 12, 2004, secured by a second mortgage, equipment, and a personal guarantee, with payments of interest only due during the first year, followed by payments of principal and interest over a nine-year amortization period. A balloon payment is due at the end of the seventh year. No interest is charged for the first three months, and then accrues at four percent per annum thereafter.

Dunwright, L.L.C.

This is a promissory note, dated March 21, 2005, secured by equipment and a personal guarantee, with payments of interest only due during the first year, followed by payments of principal and interest over a nine-year amortization period. A balloon payment is due at the end of the fifth year. No interest is charged for the first three months, and then accrues at four percent per annum thereafter.

Detroit Breakfast House

This is a promissory note, dated May 2, 2005, secured by equipment and personal guarantees, with payments of interest only due during the first year, followed by payments of principal and interest over a nine-year amortization period. No interest is charged for the first three months, and then accrues at four percent per annum thereafter.

Book Cadillac Remediation

This is an unsecured loan for the interior demolition and remediation of the Book Cadillac Hotel. Proceeds for this loan were issued prior to June 30, 2005. No interest or payments are due on this loan. The loan will be forgiven upon the completion of several covenants by the borrower.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Book Cadillac Redevelopment

This is a loan for the renovation of the Book Cadillac Hotel. Proceeds for this loan were issued prior to June 30, 2005. It is secured by a fourth position on the building. Contingent interest payments at five percent per annum are due, based on available cash flow. A balloon payment is due at the end of the 30th year.

Broadway Property and Partners

This is a promissory note, dated February 8, 2006, secured by a second mortgage, a second position Uniform Commercial Code filing, and the personal guarantees of the owners. No annual payments are due; a balloon payment is due seven years from the date of closing.

Lafer Building

This is a nonrecourse loan. No payments are due until seven years from the date of closing, at which time payments of interest only will be due at the same rate as the interest rate on the first position debt. The principal balance will balloon and be due 9.5 years after the date of closing.

Vinton Building

This is a promissory note, dated September 9, 2005, secured by the personal guarantees of the owners. The principal balance of the note will become due and payable upon issuance of a certificate of completion.

Mobius Microsystems

This is a forgivable loan, dated July 1, 2005. DDA provides a monthly amount up to \$75 for each employee's parking space, up to a maximum of \$72,000 per year. Mobius Microsystems ("Mobius") must provide proof of payment for parking and evidence of employment for those employees that DDA will reimburse for parking. Any violation of the covenants with DDA would result in a full repayment by Mobius.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

The outstanding balances on these notes receivable are as follows as of June 30, 2006 and 2005:

	 2006	 2005
Madison Center Limited Partnership	\$ 3,250,000	\$ 3,250,000
Trappers Alley Limited Partnership:		
DDA loan	2,800,000	2,800,000
DEGC loan	982,170	982,170
Randolph Center Limited Partnership	1,555,000	1,555,000
Little Caesar Enterprises, Inc.	187,251	637,251
Annis Historic Properties	1,119,261	1,134,458
Tobin-Harmonie Park Limited Partnership	1,425,000	1,425,000
Charles A. Forbes	2,157,500	2,335,000
SVM Development Corporation:		
DDA promissory notes:		
January 29, 1992 Ioan	900,000	900,000
March 29, 1995 loan	1,000,000	1,000,000
UDAG promissory note	1,440,000	1,440,000
Small Business Loan Transactions Program		
promissory note	300,000	300,000
400 Monroe Associates	3,495,646	3,661,219
Leland House Limited Partnership Company	979,648	979,648
KWA I, L.L.C.	4,750,000	4,750,000
Music Hall Center for the Performing Arts	153,475	182,461
Opus to Go, L.L.C.	74,399	97,283
1529 Broadway, L.L.C.	725,677	746,343
DHG Associates Limited Partnership	4,042,692	4,042,692
Brush Street, L.L.C.	173,954	178,867
Fieldstone Properties	183,415	189,672
1521 Broadway, L.L.C.	500,000	500,000
Rootlevel	166,258	166,258
Cloud Nine Entertainment	156,108	167,730
On Wheels, Inc.	95,128	105,982
Kales Building, L.L.C.	1,250,000	1,250,000
Seldom Blues, L.L.C.	383,969	395,075
Redico	3,200,000	3,200,000
1001 Woodward Parking Garage	500,000	500,000
Sportsland, Inc.	200,000	200,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

		2006	 2005
Michigan Opera Garage	\$	1,026,000	\$ 1,026,000
Au Bon Pain		150,000	150,000
Marmalade Enterprises		184,808	200,000
Diversified Restaurant Group		119,075	120,000
Vincente III, L.L.C.		190,000	190,000
Dunwright, L.L.C.		150,000	150,000
Detroit Breakfast House		200,000	200,000
Book Cadillac Remediation		5,800,000	-0-
Book Cadillac Redevelopment		5,700,000	-0-
Broadway Property and Partners		750,000	-0-
Lafer Building		420,000	-0-
Vinton Building		250,000	-0-
Mobius Microsystems		3,300	 -0-
		53,089,734	41,108,109
Less: Allowance for doubtful notes receivable		(29,510,598)	 (16,987,317)
Net Notes Receivable	<u>\$</u>	23,579,136	 24,120,792

Accrued interest receivable on these notes receivable as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

		2006	 2005
Accrued interest receivable Less: Allowance for doubtful interest receivable	\$	3,401,353 (2,530,671)	\$ 3,345,987 (2,420,177)
Net Accrued Interest Receivable	_\$_	870,682	 925,810

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE B - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Changes in the allowances for doubtful notes and interest receivable are as follows for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

	2006	2005
Balance, beginning of year Additions:	\$ 19,407,494	\$ 34,322,928
Provision for new loans whose proceeds		
were issued prior to June 30, 2005	10,075,000	-0-
Other additions	2,558,775	1,914,653
Less: Write-off of uncollectible notes receivable		(16,830,087)
Balance, End of Year	\$ 32,041,269	\$ 19,407,494

Because of the long-term nature of these notes receivable and the uncertainty of the time of collection on many of these notes receivable, the fair value of these notes receivable as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, as well as the balances of these notes receivable that will be collected within one year as of June 30, 2006, cannot be readily determined.

NOTE C - PROPERTY TAXES

DDA finances its general and administrative operations with the proceeds of a one-mill levy on the assessed value of the Downtown Development District. A portion of this fund has been designated by DDA's Board of Directors to meet existing contracts outstanding.

Effective July 1, 1978, DDA was authorized to finance its development plan by capturing the tax proceeds on the increases in the assessed value on real and personal property within the tax increment district located within the downtown development area. Funds raised from this levy are restricted for use within the tax increment district.

On July 19, 1978, DDA entered into an agreement with the Wayne County Board of Commissioners to exclude certain proceeds of the tax increment fund which have been previously designated for certain Wayne County operational and construction activities.

The City levies property taxes on July 1 of each year. Property taxes are due to the City on August 15 of each year, but may be paid in two installments, which are due on August 15 and December 31 of each year. Liens are assessed on unpaid taxes on July 1 of each year. The City remits collected property taxes to DDA in December and June of each year.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE C - PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes receivable and property tax advances as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	2006		2005	
Tax increment district and one-mill levy taxes receivable Less: Allowance for doubtful taxes receivable	\$	5,563,940 (46,845)	\$	11,673,041 (46,845)
Net Property Taxes Receivable	<u>\$</u>	5,517,095	<u>\$</u>	11,626,196
Tax increment district tax payments received in advance	\$	7,109,778	<u>\$</u>	6,819,044

The allowance for doubtful taxes receivable is based upon the historical uncollectible experience for total real and personal property tax assessments plus allowances for other specific accounts for which collection is uncertain.

In 1994, State of Michigan (the "State") voters passed Proposal A, which affected school property tax revenue. As a result, Tax Increment Plans are only allowed to capture school tax revenue to the extent necessary to cover existing debt service, and the excess must be returned to the State. An audit was completed by the State for the years ended June 30, 1995 through June 30, 2000, but an audit of subsequent years has not been completed as of June 30, 2006; therefore, an estimated allowance has been recorded for those years.

Property taxes recorded in the development and debt service funds for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	2006	2005
Tax increment district revenue	\$ 31,479,450	\$ 27,673,992
Less:		
Provision for estimated future refunds	-0-	(10,305,408)
	\$ 31,479,450	\$ 17,368,584

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Nondepreciable capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

	Land
Balance, July 1, 2004	\$ 7,544,670
Balance, June 30, 2005	7,544,670
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 7,544,670

Depreciable capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

	Buildings	Equipment and Fixtures	Leasehold Improvements	<u>Total</u>
Cost: Balance, July 1, 2004 Acquisitions	\$ 26,623,623	\$ 150,218 10,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 26,823,841 10,000
Balance, June 30, 2005	26,623,623	160,218	50,000	26,833,841
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 26,623,623	\$ 160,218	\$ 50,000	\$ 26,833,841
Accumulated Depreciation: Balance, July 1, 2004 Depreciation expense	\$ 1,165,005 887,454	\$ 102,728 16,105	\$ 23,958 1,250	\$ 1,291,691 904,809
Balance, June 30, 2005	2,052,459	118,833	25,208	2,196,500
Depreciation expense	887,454	16,224	1,250	904,928
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 2,939,913	\$ 135,057	\$ 26,458	\$ 3,101,428
Net Depreciable Capital Assets: Balance, June 30, 2005 Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 24,571,164 \$ 23,683,710	\$ 41,385 \$ 25,161	\$ 24,792 \$ 23,542	\$ 24,637,341 \$ 23,732,413

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE E - DUE FROM CITY OF DETROIT

DDA has a loan agreement with the City, under which DDA loans funds to the City to cover the Cobo Hall Expansion Project and operations of the Downtown People Mover System. The loan is unsecured and bears no interest, and will be repaid by the City as general operating funds become available. An allowance for this receivable is included in the allowance for doubtful notes receivable (see Note B) as of June 30, 2006 and 2005.

NOTE F - LAND CONTRACT RECEIVABLE

DDA entered into a land contract with Woodward Center, L.L.C., dated December 9, 1999 and amended February 13, 2001 and December 14, 2001, in which DDA sold several parcels of land for loft developments. Payment on the contract is due in full on or before August 1, 2007. No interest will be charged if payment is received in full by the due date.

NOTE G - OTHER ASSETS

Other assets as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 consist of land acquired, and options to acquire land, for the development of the following projects that are not part of DDA's regular operations:

	2006	2005
Land:		
Washington Boulevard	\$ 935,500	\$ 736,003
Woodward Avenue	3,884,734	-0-
Riverfront Residential Project	9,250,000	9,250,000
	14,070,234	9,986,003
Options to acquire land:		
Woodward Avenue		35,000
	\$ 14,070,234	\$ 10,021,003

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 consist of the following:

Contract Payable

The contract payable consists of amounts due to Amerivision Corporation under a UDAG used to partially finance development of the Trappers Alley Project. The Trappers Alley Project was financed in part with \$2,800,000 of UDAG funds received by the City and administered by DDA. The funds were originally loaned to the developer and are to be repaid, contingent upon cash flow, in installments over 40 years. The repayment proceeds will be used to liquidate DDA's obligation.

Bonds Contract Payable

The City and DDA have issued the following bonds:

Issued by the City on August 1, 1989 ("1989 bonds"):	
Series 1989A tax-exempt bonds	\$ 15,225,000
Series 1989B taxable bonds	 71,000,000
	\$ 86,225,000
Issued by DDA on April 18, 1996 ("1996 bonds"):	
Series 1996A taxable bonds	\$ 75,014,000
Series 1996B tax-exempt bonds	13,330,000
Series 1996C tax-exempt bonds	64,883,198
Series 1996D tax-exempt bonds	 14,185,000
	 167,412,198
Issued by DDA on September 1, 1998 ("1998 bonds"):	
Series 1998A tax-exempt bonds	\$ 68,900,000
Series 1998B taxable bonds	32,195,000
Series 1998C junior lien bonds	 21,425,000
	 122,520,000

The principal and interest on the bonds are primarily payable from, and secured by, certain incremental property tax revenues to be received by DDA from Development Area No. 1 within the downtown business district (see Note A).

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Bonds Contract Payable

Payments on the bonds contract payable are made from the debt service fund under the general bond resolution.

A portion of the 1996 bond proceeds, \$87,996,800, was put into an escrow account to repay the 1989 bonds. A portion of the 1998 bond proceeds, \$65,124,175, was also put into an escrow account to repay the Series 1996C (partial refund) and the Series 1996D bonds. It is the escrow agent's responsibility for monitoring and making the required debt service payments on those bonds, which are no longer liabilities on DDA's financial statements.

Long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

		Bor	nds Contract Paya	ble
	Contract Payable	Gross	Bond Discount	Net
Balance, July 1, 2004 Less:	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 177,021,198	\$ 1,563,034	\$ 175,458,164
Repayments Amortization		(10,548,000)	(70,303)	(10,548,000) 70,303
Balance, June 30, 2005	2,800,000	166,473,198	1,492,731	164,980,467
Less: Repayments Amortization		(11,180,000)	(70,303)	(11,180,000) 70,303
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 155,293,198	<u>\$ 1,422,428</u>	\$ 153,870,770
Amounts Due Within One Year: June 30, 2005 June 30, 2006	\$ -0- \$ -0-	\$ 11,180,000 \$ 11,865,000	\$ 70,303 \$ 70,303	\$ 11,109,697 \$ 11,794,697

June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Maturities of long-term liabilities (excluding the bond discount) are as follows as of June 30, 2006:

For the Years Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest	Total
2007	\$	11,865,000	\$ 11,191,927	\$ 23,056,927
2008		12,605,000	10,454,338	23,059,338
2009		11,995,000	12,187,627	24,182,627
2010		12,755,000	11,419,352	24,174,352
2011		18,030,000	6,132,340	24,162,340
2012-2016		23,926,463	50,542,936	74,469,399
2017-2021		28,418,097	43,529,867	71,947,964
2022-2026		22,443,638	49,232,875	71,676,513
2027-2029		16,055,000	 2,248,818	 18,303,818
	\$	158,093,198	 196,940,080	\$ 355,033,278

NOTE I - OTHER LIABILITIES

Other liabilities as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 consist of escrow deposits due to Leland House Limited Partnership Company. These deposits are utilized by DDA to pay tax and insurance obligations related to the Ramada/Leland Hotel project.

NOTE J - RISK MANAGEMENT

DDA has insurance policies covering its directors and officers. It also has general liability insurance and property insurance covering its various assets. At the request of the Board of Directors, DDA has obtained two excess general liability policies in addition to the original policy to ensure sufficient coverage. Due to the extent of insurance that DDA maintains, the risk of loss to DDA, in management's opinion, is minimal.



SCHEDULES OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

			J		2006		j			7	2005			ľ
	0 1	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Pos (Neg Varian Final I	Positive (Negative) Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	Actual	 	Positive (Negative) Variance with	_ # ±
Revenue: Property taxes Other revenue	₩.	810,000 285,000	∨	810,000 285,000	\$ 819,592 104,540	∽	9,592 (180,460)	\$ 810,000	\$	810,000	\$ 869,778 872,073	778 \$	59,778 142,073	778
Total Revenue		1,095,000		1,095,000	924,132		(170,868)	1,540,000	 8	1,540,000	1,741,851	1 <u>55</u>	201,851	351
Expenditures: Curent: Administrative and operating expenses Professional fees	,,	2,070,000	ĺ	2,070,000 365,000	1,916,520	_	153,480 (16,040)	2,270,000	 a	2,270,000	1,963,600	900 134	306,400 (49,434)	100
Total Expenditures		2,435,000		2,435,000	2,297,560		137,440	2,625,000	 g	2,625,000	2,368,034	<u>\$</u>	256,966	99
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures	5	(1,340,000)	_	(1,340,000)	(1,373,428)	-	(33,428)	(1,085,000)	(Q)	(1,085,000)	(626,183)	83)	458,817	711
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Interfund transfers	-	1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000		φ 	1,000,000	ا ام	1,000,000	990,000	ا اع	(10,000)	(00)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	6	\$ (340,000)	69	(340,000)	\$ (373,428)	8	(33,428)	\$ (85,000)	%∥ 3	(85,000)	\$ 363,817	117 \$	448,817	11

See note to schedules of revenue and expenditures - budget and actual (general fund).

NOTE TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

NOTE A - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City of Detroit Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") establishes a budget that is reflected in the financial statements for the general fund. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Budgeted amounts are as presented to DDA's Finance Committee and approved by DDA's Board of Directors and the Detroit City Council. No amendments to the budget were made during the year. Appropriations are authorized by DDA's management. Unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.